

## PROBLEM SET 06: REPRESENTATIONS AND THE ABELIAN QFT

**Exercise 0.1** (Recalling Definitions). Define

- (i) a representation.
- (ii) an irreducible representation.
- (iii) a character.
- (iv) the abelian QFT.

**Exercise 0.2.** If  $\chi(G)$  is the group of all  $\chi_g : G \rightarrow \mathbb{C}^\times$  defined as in lecture, show that  $\chi(G)$  is isomorphic to  $G$  itself.

**Exercise 0.3.** Show that all irreducible representations  $G \rightarrow \text{GL}(\mathcal{V})$  have  $\dim(\mathcal{V}) = 1$ .

**Exercise 0.4.** Assume the fact that  $|G/H| = |H^\perp|$ , where  $G/H$  is the set of  $H$ -cosets in  $G$ .<sup>1</sup> Show that  $H = (H^\perp)^\perp$ .

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<sup>1</sup>This is the same notation that we use for a quotient group, since if  $N$  is normal, then the quotient  $G/N$  is precisely the set of  $N$ -cosets in  $G$ , using the usual quotient operation.